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GB

IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS

Read carefully these instructions and keep for future reference.

N.B. This oven has been designed to defrost, heat and cook food in the home. It must never be used for other purposes, modified or tampered with in any way.

- WARNING: If the door or door seals are damaged, the oven must not be operated until it has been repaired by a competent person (trained by the manufacturer or by its Customer Service).
- WARNING: It is hazardous for anyone other than a competent person to carry out any service or repair operation which involves the removal of a cover which gives protection against exposure to microwave energy.
- 3) WARNING: Liquids and other foods must not be heated in sealed containers since they are liable to explode. Eggs in their shell and whole hard-boiled eggs should not be heated in microwave ovens since they may explode even after microwave heating has ended.
- 4) WARNING: Only allow children to use the oven without supervision when adequate instructions have been given so that the child is able to use the oven in a safe way and understands the hazards of improper use. Do not allow children near the oven when it is in operation, as this may result in severe burns.



- 5) Do not attempt to operate the oven with the door open by tampering with the safety devices.
- 6) Do not operate the oven if objects for any kind get stuck between the front panel of the oven and the door. Always keep the inside of the door (C) clean, using a damp cloth and non-abrasive detergents. Do not allow dirt or remains of food to accumulate between the front panel of the oven on the door.
- 7) Do not operate the oven if the supply cable or the plug is damaged, as this may result in electric shocks. If the supply cable has been damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or the technical service centre or by a qualified person so as to avoid all risks.
- 8) If smoke is observed, switch off or unplug the appliance and KEEP THE DOOR CLOSED in order to stifle any flames.
- 9) Only use utensils that are suitable for use in microwave ovens. In order to avoid overheating and the consequent risk of fire, it is advisable to supervise the oven when cooking food in disposable containers made of plastic, cardboard or other inflammable materials, and when heating small quantities of food.
- 10) Never place the turntable in water after it has ben heated for a long time. The high thermal shock resulting would break the turntable.
- 11) When cooking "Only MICROWAVE", you absolutely must not pre-heat the oven (without foodstuffs in it) and you must not operate it when it is empty, because you might cause sparking.
- 12) Before using this oven, check to be certain that the utensil and containers chosen are suitable for microwave oven use (see the section on "Glassware and Similar Items").
- 13) During the use the appliance becomes hot. Do not touch the heating elements inside the oven.
- 14) When heating liquids (water, coffee, milk, etc.) it is possible that the contents may suddenly start

to boil and spill violently as a result of delayed boiling, causing scalding. To avoid this happening, you should place a heat-resistant plastic spoon or a glass rod in the container before starting to heat liquids. Anyway, care shall be taken when handling the container.



15) Do not heat spirit with a high alcohol content, nor large quantities of oil, as these could catch fire!

16) The contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars shall be stirred or shaken and the temperature shall be checked before consumption in order to avoid burns. It is also advisable to stir or shake the food in order to ensure that it has an even temperature.

When using commercially available bottle sterilisers, before turning the oven on, ALWAYS make sure the container is filled with the quantity of water indicated by the manufacturer.

GLASSWARE AND SIMILAR ITEMS

You can make use of all types of containers made of glass (preferably Pyrex), ceramics, porcelain and glazed pottery as long as they do not have decorations or metal parts (gilded borders, handles, feet). Heat resistant plastic containers can also be used, but only for "Microwave Only" cooking. If you are still doubtful about using a particular container, you can perform a simple test. Place the empty container in the oven for 30 seconds at maximum power ("Microwave Only" function). If the container is still cold or only slightly warm, it is suitable for microwave cooking.

If it is very hot or gives out sparks, it is not suitable.

For short heating periods, you may use paper napkins, cardboard trays and plastic "throwaway" plates as a base. As far as shape and size are concerned, it is absolutely essential that containers be such as to allow the turntable to rotate.

In order to use large-size rectangular containers (which may not be able to rotate inside the

cooking cavity), you can remove the spindle (B) from its housing to prevent the turntable (D) moving. Bear in mind that to be assured of good results when carrying this out you must stir the food and turn the container around several times during the cooking process. Containers made of metal, wood, recycled kitchen paper, cane and plate glass are not suitable for use in microwave ovens. The metal rack supplied with your microwave have been fully tested for safe use. You should remember, too, that since microwaves heat the food and not the glassware, earthenware or similar containers for that food, it is possible to cook such foods in the serving dish and thereby avoid the problem of having to clean pans later. However, remember that heat may be transferred from the food itself to the plate, making it necessary to use an oven glove.

In any case, observe the guidelines shown in the following table:

	Glass	Cera- mics	Porce- lain	Clay plates	Plastic for micro- waves	Paper cups*	Paper plates*	Parch- ment paper*	Card- board	Metal contain- ers	Glass- ware with metal parts	Special roasting paper
Defrosting	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES
Heating	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES
Cooking	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES

^{*} If the cooking time required is too long, there is a possibility of fire.

TECHNICAL DATA

MODEL WITH A 23-LITRE CAVITY

Outer measurements (LxDxH) Inner measurements (LxDxH) Approximate weight Turntable diameter Oven light

RE CAVITY MODEL WITH A 17-LITRE CAVITY 508x305x414 Outer medsurements (LxDxH) 458x295x380

Inner measurements (LxDxH) 300x206x284
Approximate weight 14 kg.
Turntable diameter 27 cm
Oven light 25 W

BOTH MODELS

For additional data, consult the serial plate glued to the back of the equipment.

350x215x330

16 kg:

20 W

31,5 cm

This equipment is in compliance with EEC Directives 89/336 and 92/31 related to Electromagnetic Compatibility.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Connect this equipment only to electrical outlets having a capacity of at least 10A.

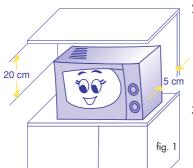
Before using this oven, check to make certain that the electrical network is the same as that indicated on the equipment's data plate and that

the electrical outlet is connected to an efficient grounding (earth) terminal. The manufacturer shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for harm or damage caused by failure to observe this norm.

• Electrical Connection for UK only see page 30

INSTALLATION

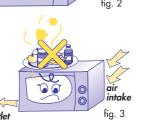
1) After having removed the oven from its box, check to make certain that the turntable spindle (B) is correctly fitted into its housing. Place the turntable support (E) in the middle of the cooking chamber and set the turntable (D) on top of it. The spindle (B) must be inserted in the related turntable housing.



2) Check to make certain that this equipment has not been damaged in transport and check especially to see if the door opens and closes correctly.

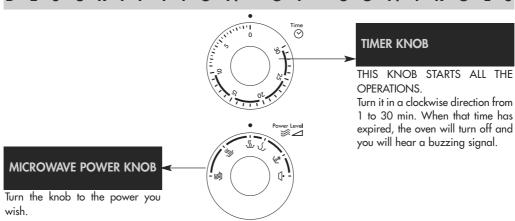
 Place this oven on a surface so that there remains a space of about 5 cm. between the oven's surface

portions and the walls to the side and the back, and a free space of at least 20 cm. above the oven (see Fig. 1).



- 4) Never block up or otherwise obstruct the air outlet holes. In particular, never place anything on the oven and check to be certain that the air and steam outlet slots (located atop the oven) are ALWAYS FREE (see Figs. 2 and 3).
- 5) DO NOT remove the transparent film on the inner surface of the door.

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The microwave output power is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance (see "MICRO OUTPUT"). When you consult the tables, always look up your oven's output power. It will be useful also when you are consulting cookbooks intended for use with microwave ovens.



ONLY FOR SOME MODELS: The microwave output power is also indicated inside this simbol, placed on the oven door.

(ONLY FOR U.K.) The letter indicates the heating category to which your oven belongs: some pre-cooked food packages (frozen or chilled) give heating instructions corresponding to the various categories. Follow those instructions related to the category indicated for your oven.

The levels of intermediate power available are shown on this page. This information will be useful for you to consult the prescription pads for microwaves currently on sale.

HOW TO GET THE BEST RESULTS FROM YOUR OVEN

What do I want to do?	What power	should I choose?	23 lt	17 lt	Page
Keep food warm	Power level	<u>.</u>	90w	70w	25 28
• Defrost	Power level	\$	135w	105w	25 28
Melt butter and soften cheeseHeat pastry goods	Power level	ٽ or گ	315w 450w	245w 350w	25 30 34
• Cook meat	Power level	<u></u>	650w	490w	25 32
 Cook fruit Cook vegetables Cook fish Cook rice, pasta Heat up any type of already cooked or frozen food 	Power level	∭ ,	900w	700w	25 34 33 32 34 30
Defrost, reheat, cook on two levels at the sail	me time	Microwave only (LEVEL) (Not with o			25 32 23

ADVICE ON USING YOUR OVEN CORRECTLY

Microwaves consist of electromagnetic radiation found in nature under the form of light waves (e.g., sunlight). Inside the oven, these waves penetrate food from all directions and heat up the water, fatty and sugar molecules.

Heat is produced very quickly only in the food itself, whereas the container being used warms up indirectly by means of heat given off by the heated food. This prevents food from sticking to its container, so you can use very little fatty substance or, in some cases, no fat at all during the cooking process.

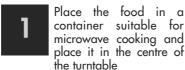
Therefore cooking in a microwave oven is considered to be healthy and good for one's diet. And in contrast to traditional methods, cooking in a microwave foodstuffs are less dehydrated, lose less of their nutritional value, and retain more of their original flavour.

fig. 4

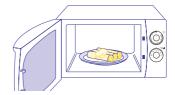
Basic rules for correct cooking with a microwave oven

- 1) In order to set cooking times correctly, remember (in referring to the charts on the following pages) that when you increase the amount of foodstuffs the cooking temperature must likewise be proportionately increased and vice-versa. It is important to respect the "standing" times: standing time means that period during which the food must be left to "rest" after being cooked so as to allow an even greater spreading of the temperature within. The temperature of meat, for example, will rise about 5°-8° C. (approx. 9°-15° F.) during the standing time. Standing times may be observed either inside or outside the oven.
- 2) One of the main things you must do is **stir** the food several times while it is being cooked. This helps make the temperature distribution more uniform and thus shortens the cooking time.
- 3) It is also advisable to **turn** the foodstuff **over** during its cooking process: this applies especially for meat, whether it is in large pieces (roasts, whole chickens, etc.) or small (chicken breasts, etc.).
- 4) Foods having a skin, shell or peel (e.g., apples, potatoes, tomatoes, frankfurters, fish) must be pierced with a fork in several points so as to permit steam to escape and to prevent those items from exploding (see Fig. 4).
- 5) If you are preparing a large number of portions of the same food item (e.g., boiled potatoes), **place** those portions in a Pyrex dish in order to have them cook in a uniform manner (see Fig. 5):
- 6) The lower the temperature at which a foodstuff is placed in a microwave oven, the longer the cooking time required. Food having a room temperature will cook more quickly than food having a refrigerator temperature.
- Always do your cooking by placing the food container in the centre of the turntable.
- 8) It is perfectly normal for **condensation to form** inside the oven and near the air outlet. **To reduce such condensation, cover the foodstuffs with clear-sheet, wax paper, a glass lid or simply an overturned plate.** Then, too, foods having a water content (e.g., greens and vegetables) cook better when covered. The covering of food also helps keep the oven clean on the inside. Use clear-sheet made expressly for microwave ovens.

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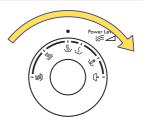
N.B: You do not have to pre-heat the oven.



Close the door

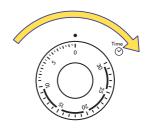


Choose the power level you want by turning the power selector knob.



Set the cooking time desired by turning the timer knob in a clockwise direction.

When setting short cooking times (less than 10 minutes), turn the timer knob as far as it will go then bring it back to the required cooking time. In the case of very short cooking times (a few seconds to a minute), you are, however, recommended to check the time using a clock.

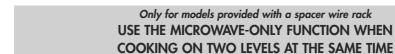


Once the set cooking time has expired, a buzzer will sound to signal that your food is ready.



It is possible to interrupt the oven's operations at any time simply by turning the timer knob to its STOP setting. You may also change the cooking time (while the cooking itself is in progress) by turning that same knob back or forth. You can check on the situation while the cooking is in progress by opening the door and examining the food. That move will interrupt the oven's operations, but they will begin again once the door has been closed.







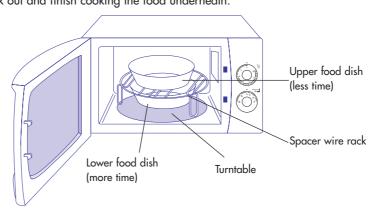
By using the spacer wire rack with the microwave-only function, you can defrost, reheat and cook foods at the same time, even different dishes on two levels. The special double-microwave-emission system makes possible, in fact, a perfect distribution of energy.

When you wish to cook two food dishes at the same time, all you have to do is keep these basic rules in mind:

1) The cooking times for food dishes cooked at the same time are different from those for the cooking of single dishes. So always consult the reference table on page 27.

Times for simultaneous cooking					
Potatoes (above) Goulash (below)	24 min 48 min				
Cooking times	for single dishes				
Potatoes Goulash	10 - 14 min 35 - 40 min				

2) Be careful to ALWAYS place on the SPACER WIRE RACK that food which requires less cookig time: it will thus be easier to remove the upper pan. Take the wire rack out and finish cooking the food underneath.



3) Pay strict attention to the indications and recommendations in the tables. In particular, always check to be sure that the food being reheated is very hot before removing it from the oven.



REFERENCE TABLES FOR COOKING ON TWO LEVELS

Defrosting times

Туре	Pan position	Quantity (grams)	Power Knob	Minutes	Notes
 Ground meat 	above	500	- 3€/	20	Turn the meat over after 15 min. When the
 Ground meat 	below	500	₹ 1	20	cooking is finished, let the meat sit for 15 min.
 Chicken in pieces 	above	500	*	24	During the defrosting, pull the pieces apart. When
• Stew	below	500	ॐ₁	24	the cooking is finished, let the meat sit for 15 min.
CauliflowerWhole fish	above below	450 500	ॐ		At the end, let sit for 5 to 10 min. At the end, let sit for 5 to 10 min.

Reheating times

Туре	Pan position	Quantity (grams)	Power Knob	Minutes	Notes
 Meat, single serving 	above	150	,∭,	6	Cover the food with plastic wrap
 Vegetables, single serving 	below	250	\ <u>\))))</u> r	6	Cover the food with plastic wrap
 Plate of lasagne 	above	500	""	9	Cover the food with plastic wrap
 Plate of lasagne 	below	500	<u>,</u> ,,,,	9	Cover the food with plastic wrap
 Meat, single serving 	above	150	<u>,</u> ;;;;	6	Cover the food with plastic wrap
Plate of lasgane	below	500	-\ <u>\)))</u> r	8	Cover the food with plastic wrap

Cooking times

Туре	Pan position	Quantity (grams)	Power Knob	Minutes	Notes
 Potatoes 	above	500	, <u>\</u> \\\	20	Cut in equal-size pieces and cover with plastic wrap.
 Potatoes 	below	500	\ <u>\</u>	20	Cut in equal-size pieces and cover with plastic wrap.
 Carrots 	above	500	, <u>\</u>	16	Cut in equal-size pieces and cover with plastic wrap.
 Carrots 	below	500	2007	16	Cut in equal-size pieces and cover with plastic wrap.
 Sliced fish 	above	400	, <u>\</u>	13	Cover with plastic wrap. After 13 min., take out the grill.
 Zucchini 	below	475	\ <u>\</u>	15	Leave whole and cover with plastic wrap.
 Whole fish 	above	200	<u>,</u> ;;;;	11	Cover with plastic wrap. After 11 min., take out the grill.
 Zucchini 	below	475	2000/	14	Leave whole and cover with plastic wrap
 Whole fish 	above	200	, <u>\</u>	11	Cover with plastic wrap.
 Whole fish 	below	200	\	11	Cover with plastic wrap.
 Potatoes 	above	500	<u>,</u>	20	Cut in equal-size pieces and cover with plastic wrap.
 Goulash 	below	1500	2000/	40	After 24 min., take out the grill. Stir 2 or 3 times.
• Rice	above	300	<u>,</u> ;;;;	22	Cover with plastic wrap and stir 2 times
 Cabbage 	below	500	2000	22	Leave whole and cover with plastic wrap
Peas	above	500		20	Cover with plastic wrap.
 Brussels sprouts 	below	500	\	20	Cover with plastic wrap.
 Meat loaf 	above	500		30	If needed, turn over at the halfway point
 Potatoes 	below	500	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	30	Cover with plastic wrap.
 Sausages 	above	300	<u>,</u> ;;;;	22	Stir 1 or 2 times
 Sausages 	below	300	√ <u>))))</u> r	22	Stir 1 or 2 times
• Stew	above	700	,∭,	36	Stir 1 or 2 times
 Pork roast 	below	700	-\ <u>\)))</u> r	36	Turn over at the halfway point

KEEPING FOOD WARM

- This function enables you to keep food hot, whether that food be just cooked or re-heated, without having it get dry or stick to its container.
- Selecting the setting and covering the food with a plate or plastic film, you will find that
 foods will remain warm up to serving time
- You can leave foods in their cooking container if they are covered.

DEFROSTING

- Foods frozen in bags or plastic sheeting or in their packaging may be placed directly in the oven, as long as they have no metal parts (e.g., bands or closure rivets).
- Certain foods, such as greens, vegetables and fish, do not generally require defrosting before you begin cooking them.
- Stewed foods and meats as well as meat sauces defrost better and quicker if they are stirred from time to time, turned over or croken cup.
- While defrosting, meat and fish lose their liquid content. It is recommended, therefore, that you
 defrost such items in a tray or basin.
- It is advisable to separate each individual piece of meat from its bag before putting it in the
 freezer. This will help you save valuable time will preparing foods.
- Be careful about following the timings printed on frozen products, because they are guideline
 and may not always be correct. It is best to use defrosting times slightly less than those indicated.
 The time needed for defrosting will vary in terms of the degree to which the food has been frozen.

Defrosting times

The times indicated on the chart (timer knob) vary in relation to your oven's output power. The output power figure is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance. (see page 23).

Туре	Quantity	Power Selector	900W output power Timer (minutes)	700W output power Timer (minutes)	Notes	Standing time (minutes)
MEAT						
 Roasts (pork, beef, veal, 	1 kg	ॐ₁	20 - 26	27 - 32		20
etc.)						_
Steaks, cutlets, meat slices	200 gr	"	3 - 7	8 - 12		5
• Stew, goulash	500 gr	"	11 - 15 10 - 12	16 - 20 14 - 16	(4)	10 15
 Ground meat 	500 gr	"	4 - 8	9 - 13	(*)	10
 Hamburger 	250 gr 200 gr	"	4 - 8	9 - 13		10
Sausages	300 gr	"	6 - 10	11 - 15		10
POULTRY	our g.					
Duck, turkey	1,5 kg	"	30 - 33	34 - 37	At the end of the rest peri-	20
Whole chickens	1,5 kg	"	30 - 33	34 - 37	od, wash under hot water	20
 Cut-up chicken 	500 gr	"	11 - 15	16 - 21	to remove possible ice	10
 Chicken breasts 	300 gr	"	9 - 14	15 - 20	To Tomo to possible tee	10
VEGETABLES						
 Cubed eggplant 	500 gr	"	14 - 18	19 - 24		5
Cut-up peppers	500 gr	"	13 - 17	18 - 23		5
Shelled peas	500 gr	"	10 - 14	15 - 20		5
Artichoke hearts Diagon of ganggraphs	300 gr	"	6 - 10 11 - 15	11 - 16 16 - 21		5
Pieces of asparagusCut-up green beans	500 gr 500 gr	"	13 - 17	18 - 23	To make defrosting easier,	5
Whole broccoli	500 gr	"	12 - 16	17 - 22	stir the vegetables from	5
Brussels sprouts	500 gr	"	12 - 16	17 - 22	time to time	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Cut-up carrots	500 gr	"	11 - 15	16 - 21		5
 Cauliflower tops 	450 gr	"	10 - 14	15 - 20		5
 Mixed vegetables 	300 gr	"	5 - 9	10 - 15		5
 Cut-up spinach 	300 gr	"	6 - 10	11 - 16		5
FISH						_
• Filleted fish	300 gr	"	6 - 10	11 - 16	Fish is better cook from	7
Cut-up tish NAtional Call	400 gr	"	7 - 11	12 - 17	frozen if it does not require	7
Whole fish Prove shrimes	500 gr	"	10 - 14 7 - 11	15 - 20 12 - 17	further preparation.	7
• Prawn, shrimps	400 gr		7 - 11	12 - 17		/
DAIRY PRODUCTSButter	250 gr	"	3 - 7	8 - 12	Remove the aluminium	10
Doller	230 gi		3 /	0 12	paper and metal pieces.	10
• Cheese	250 gr	"	4 - 8	9 - 13	Partially defrosted. Needs	15
G.13333					the standing time.	
• Cream	200 ml	"	6 - 10	11 - 15	Cream is to be removed	5
					from its container and put	
					on a plate.	
BREAD PRODUCTS	1.50		0.00	2 4		
• 2 average-size rolls	150 gr	"	0,30 - 2	3 - 4	Bull Heal al	3
4 average-size rolls Sliced have at the broad	300 gr	"	3 - 5	6 - 8 6 - 8	Put the bread directly on the	3
Sliced home-style breadWhole-wheat bread	250 gr 250 gr	"	3 - 5 3 - 5	6 - 8	turntable	3
FRUIT	250 gi		5 5			3
Strawberries, prunes,	500 gr	"	10 - 12	13 - 15	Mix 2 or 3 times	10
cherries, currants, apricots	Joo gi		10 12	10 10	THIN Z OF S HITTES	10
Raspberries	300 gr	"	6 - 8	9 - 11	Mix 2 or 3 times	10
 Blackberries 	250 gr	"	4 - 6	7 - 9	Mix 2 or 3 times	6
	-					

^(*) These indications are suitable for performing the minced meat defrosting test according to Regulation 60705, Par. 13.3 (see page 2). Turn over halfway through the set time. Place directly on the turntable. Further information, including on other performance tests according to Regulation 60705, is given in the table on page 2.

HEATING

Heating food in a microwave oven is much quicker and energy efficient than traditional methods.

- We recommend that you heat foodstuffs (especially if they are frozen) to a temperature of at least 70° C. (it must be piping hot!). Leave to stand for a few minutes as you will not be able to eat that food immediately because it will be too hot.
- This will ensure that any possible bacteria present in food will have been killed.
- To heat pre-cooked or frozen foods, follow these rules:
 - remove the food from its metal containers;
 - cover it with plastic wrap (the clear-film type suitable for microwave ovens) or wax paper; in this way, all the food's natural flavour will be preserved and the oven will stay cleaner; you may also cover the food with an upside-down plate;
 - if possible, stir or turn the food over frequently so as to speed up the heating process and keep the heat uniform at the same time;
 - follow the cooking times listed with great caution; remember that under certain conditions the timings given must be lengthened
- Frozen foods must be defrosted before the heating process begins. The lower the food's initial temperature, the longer the time needed for heating.
- Foodstuffs and drinks may be heated briefly in paper or plastic containers. In any event, however, such containers may become misshapen if the heating time is too long.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION (U.K. ONLY)

A) If your appliance comes fitted with a plug, it will incorporate a 13 Amp fuse. If it does not fit your socket, the plug should be cut off from the mains lead, and an appropriate plug fitted, as below.

WARNING: Very carefully dispose of the cut off plug after removing the fuse: do not insert in a 13 Amp socket elsewhere in the house as this could cause a shock hazard.

With alternative plugs not incorporating a fuse, the circuit must be protected by a 15 Amp fuse.

WARNING - THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED IMPORTANT

The wires in the mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green and yellow: Earth
Blue: Neu
Brown: Live



If the plug is a moulded-on type, the fuse cover must be refitted when changing the fuse using a 13 Amp Asta approved fuse to BS 1362. In the event of losing the fuse cover, the plug must NOT be used until a replacement fuse cover can be obtained from your nearest electrical dealer. The colour of the correct replacement fuse cover is that as marked on the base of the plug.

B) If your appliance is not fitted with a plug, please follow the instructions provided below:

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:

The green and yellow wire must be connected to the terminal in the plug marked with the letter E or the earth symbol or coloured green or green and yellow.

The blue wire must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter N or coloured black.

The brown wire must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or coloured red.

Heating times

The times indicated on the chart (timer knob) vary in relation to your oven's output power. The output power figure is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance. (see page 23).

power rigore is written on it	ic raining p	iaic piac			The appliance: (see page 25).
Туре	Quantity	power level	900W output power times (min.)	700W output power times (min.)	Notes
SOFTENING FOOD		"			
 Chocolate/icing 	100 gr	"	4 - 5	5 - 6	Put on a plate. Mix the icing once.
Butter	50 -70 gr	√∭ _r	0'.5"-0'.10"	0'.7"-0'.12"	
CHILLED FOOD (INITIAL TEMP. 5	/8°C) UP TO) 20/30°C			
• Yoghurt	125 gr	"		0'.12"-0'.17"	Remove metal foil
Baby's bottle	240 gr	"		0′.35″-0′.40″	Heat the baby's bottle without the teat and mix it immediately after heating to make the temperature uniform. Check the temperature of the contents before use. With milk at room temperature the heating time is lower. To avoid risk of fire when using dried milk please stir evenly. Please use already sterilized milk.
CHILLED PRECOOKED FOOD (II	NITIAL TEM	P. 5/8°C)	TO APPROX	. 70°C	
 Packet of lasagne or of pasta with filling 	400 gr	"	4 - 6	6 - 8	Packets of any kind of commercially available pre-cooked food, to be
 Packet of meat with and/or vegetables 	400 gr	"	4 - 6	6 - 8	heated to a temp. of 70° C. Remove the food from any rice metal packets
 Packet of fish and/or vegetables 	300 gr	"	3 - 5	5 - 7	and put it directly onto the plate from which it is to be eaten. For best results, always cover the food.
 Plate of meat and/or vegetables 	400 gr	"	5 - 7	7 - 9	Portions of any kind of already cooked food, to heat to a temp. of 70°C. The
 Plate of pasta, cannelloni or lasagne 	400 gr	"	5 - 7	7 - 9	food is placed directly onto the plate from which it is to be eaten and is always covered either with a
• Plate of fish and/or rice	300 gr	"	4 - 6	6 - 8	transparent film or with an upturned plate.
FROZEN FOOD TO REHEAT/CO	OK (INITIA	L TEMP	18°/-20°C)	TO APPROX	X. 70°C
 Packet of lasagne or of pasta with filling 	400 gr	"	6 - 8	8 - 10	Packets of any kind of commercially available pre-cooked frozen food, to be
 Packet of meat with rice and/or vegetables 	400 gr	"	5 - 7	7 - 9	heated to a temp. of 70° C directly in its packet. Remove the food from any metal containers and put it directly onto the
 Packet of fish and/or pre- cooked vegetables 	300 gr	"	3 - 5	5 - 7	plate from which it is to be eaten, increasing cooking time by a few minutes.
 Packet of fish and/or raw vegetables 	300 gr	II	8 - 10	10 - 12	Remove the raw food from the packets and place it in a container suitable for microwaves and cover.
 Portion of meat and/or vegetables 	400 gr	"	6 - 8	8 - 10	Portions of any kind of already cooked frozen food, to be heated to a
 Portion of pasta, cannelloni or lasagne 	400 gr	"	7 - 9	9 - 11	temperature of 70°C. Place the frozen food in the plate from which it is to be eaten and cover it with another upturned
Portion of fish and/or rice	300 gr	"	4 - 6	6 - 8	plate or pyrex dish. Check that it is hot in the centre; where possible, mix the food.
CHILLED DRINKS (INITIAL TEMP. 5	5°/8° C) UP	TO APPRO	OX. 70°C		
• 1 cup of water	180 сс	"	2 - 2'.30"	2'.30"-3	All the drinks should be mixed after
 1 cup of milk 	150 cc	"	1′.30″ - 2	2-2'.30"	being heated to make the temperature
1 cup of coffee	100 cc	"	1′.30″ - 2	2-2′.30″	uniform. For the broth we recommend covering it with an upturned plate.
• 1 plate of broth	300 сс	"	4 - 5	5 - 6	covering it with all optomica plate.
DRINKS AT ROOM TEMPERATURE (INITIAL TEMP	20°/30°	C) UP TO APP	ROX. 70° C	
 1 cup of water 	180 cc	"	1′.30″ - 2	2-2'.30"	All the drinks should be mixed after
 1 cup of milk 	150 cc	"	1 - 1'.30"	1′.30″-2	being heated to make the temperature
1 cup of coffee	100 cc	"	1 - 1′.30″	1′.30″-2	uniform. For the broth we recommend
• 1 plate of broth	300 сс	"	3 - 4	4 - 5	covering it with an upturned plate.

COOKING

MEATS

You can make roasts, braised meats and stews. Turn over and rotate those large pieces which cannot be stirred, Be careful not to be deceived by the meat's outward appearance (during and at the end of the cooking), because it may not have the brownish colour common to meats prepared in a regular oven. In return, however, the nutritional values and flavour of meat are retained to an exceptional degree.

POULTRY

You can defrost and then cook all types of poultry in a microwave oven. Poultry skin may not roast to the colour usually associated with other ovens: to obtain a golden brown tone, baste the skin with a brush dipped in melted butter or margarine.

FISH

In a microwave oven, fish can be In a microwave oven, tish can be prepared very quickly and with excellent results. You can season it with a little oil or butter (or not season it at all; if you so prefer). Cover the fish with clear-sheet. The skin is to be slit, of course, and filleted fish must be placed in a uniform fashion. We recommend that you not use this oven to cook fish which has been dipped in eqa fish which has been dipped in egg batter.

Cooking times for meat, poultry and fish

If you wish to make meat more tender, we recommend that you add 1/2 of a cup of water at the start of the cooking process. The times indicated on the chart (timer knob) vary in relation to your oven's output power. The output power figure is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance. (see page 23).

Food	Quantity	Power Selector	900W output power Timer	700W output power Timer	Notes	Standing time
	•	Jelecioi	(minutes)	(minutes)		(minutes)
BEEF		<u>"</u>				
Meat loaf	900 gr		18 - 20	22 - 24	(*)	5
Meat loaf	800 gr	"	15 - 20	20 - 25	Mix together 500 grams of ground beef, eggs,	5
Loin	600 gr	"	17 - 22	22 - 27	ham, bread crumbs, etc.	5
Roast, leg	1 kg	"	25 - 30	32 - 37	Turn at the halfway point	10
VEAL	9			0_ 0,	ioni ai ino naima/ poini	. •
Stew	700 gr	"	17 - 22	22 - 27	Stir 2 or 3 times	8
Roast (rolled loaf)	1 kg	"	25 - 30	32 - 37	Turn at the halfway point	10
Sliced rump steak	200 gr	"	10 - 15	15 - 20	Turning not necessary	2
PORK						
Leg	500 gr	"	15 - 20	20 - 25	Turn at the halfway point	5
Roast	1 kg	"	25 - 30	32 - 37	Turn at the halfway point	10
Saddle of pork	700 gr	"	17 - 22	22 - 27	Turn at the halfway point	8
	1 1.00	"	25 - 30	32 - 37	Turn at the halfway point	10
Leg Fresh hamburgers	1 kg 100 gr	"	7 - 10	10 - 13	iom ai ine nailway poini	
Goulash	1,5 kg	<u>,∭</u> ,	35 - 40	40 - 45	Stir 2 or 3 times	3
Sausages	300 gr	<u>"</u>	10 - 14	14 - 19	Oili 2 Oi O ililics	3 3 3
POULTRY: CHICKEN	000 g.	\))) _[10 14	14 17		Ü
Whole	1,5 kg	"	40 - 45	45 - 50	Turn at the halfway point	10
Half	500 gr	"	15 - 20	20 - 25	Turning not necessary	5
Pieces	500 gr	"	15 - 20	20 - 25	Turning not necessary	5 5
Breast	300 gr	"	10 - 14	14 - 19	Turning not necessary	3
TURKEY						
Pieces	1,5 kg	"	40 - 45	45 - 50	Turn at the halfway point	8
Breast	500 gr	"	15 - 20	20 - 25	Turning not necessary	8
DUCK	1.51.	"	10 15	45 50	T I I I	10
Whole FISH	1,5 kg	"	40 - 45	45 - 50	Turn at the halfway point	10
Filleted	300 gr	,\$\$\$\$ _r	4 - 7	<i>7</i> - 10	Cover while cooking	2
Slices	300 gr	<i>'''</i>	6 - 9	9 - 12	Cover while cooking	2
Whole	500 gr	"	7 - 10	10 - 13	Cover while cooking	2
Whole	250 gr	"	4 - 7	7 - 10	Cover while cooking	2
Crayfish	500 gr	"	6 - 9	9 - 12	Cover while cooking	2
Cut-up fish	400 gr	"	6 - 9	9 - 12	Cover while cooking	2

^(*) These indications are suitable for performing the minced meat cooking test according to Regulation 60705, Para. 12.3.3. Cover the container with clear film for microwave use. Further information, including on other performance tests according to Regulation 60705, is given in the table on page 2.

GREENS AND VEGETABLES

Greens and vegetables cooked in a microwave oven retain more of their colour and nutritional value than when cooked in traditional ovens.

Per every 500 gr. of greens or vegetables add about 5 teaspoons of water

Greens and vegetables must always be covered with clear-sheet.

Sturdier Items (e.g., carrots) should be cut into regular-sized pieces...

Stir greens and vegetables at least once at the halfway point. Add a little salt only at the end.

Cooking times for greens and vegetables

The times indicated on the chart (timer knob) vary in relation to your oven's output power. The output power figure is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance. (see page 23).

T	0	Power	900W output power	700W output power	Notes	Standing time	
Туре	Quantity	Selector	Timer (minutes)	Timer (minutes)	Notes	(minutes)	
 Asparagus 	500 gr	,∭,	9 - 10	11 - 12	Cut into 2-cm. pieces	4	
 Artichokes 	300 gr	"	11 - 12	12 - 13	It would be better to use artichoke bottoms.	4	
 Green beans 	500 gr	"	11 - 12	13 - 14	Cut into pieces	4	
 Broccoli 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Separate into individual "florets"	4	
 Brussels sprouts 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Leave whole	4	
 White cabbage 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Cut into strips	4	
 Red cabbage 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Cut into strips	4	
 Carrots 	500 gr	"	9 - 10	11 - 12	Cut into same-size pieces	4	
 Cauliflower 	450 gr	"	11 - 12	13 - 14	Separate into stalks	4	
 Celery 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Separate into pieces	4	
 Eggplant 	500 gr	"	6 - 7	8 - 9	Cut into cubes	4	
• Leek	500 gr	"	6 - 7	8 - 9	Cut into strips	4	
 Mushrooms 	500 gr	"	6 - 7	8 - 9	Leave whole No water is needed	4	
Onions	250 gr	"	5 - 6	7 - 8	Whole, but of the same size. No water is needed.	4	
 Spinach 	300 gr	"	6 - 7	8 - 9	Cover after having washed and drained the leaves.	4	
Peas	500 gr	"	10 - 11	12 - 13		4	
• Fennel	500 gr	"	12 - 13	14 - 15	Cut into quarters	4	
 Peppers 	500 gr	"	9 - 10	11 - 12	Cut into pieces	4	
 Potatoes 	500 gr	"	8 - 9	10 - 11	Cut into same-size pieces	4	
 Zucchini 	500 gr	"	7 - 8	9 - 10	Cut into slices	4	

N.B: The cooking times on this table are approximate and depend on the weight, the temperature before cooking, and the sturdiness as well as the constitution of the greens and vegetables.

SOUPS AND RICE

 Soups or broth usually require a smaller amount of liquid because the evaporation in microwave ovens is rather limited. Because it is a dehydrating agent, salt must be added only when the cooking is finished or during the standing time.

• It is correct to say that the temperature required for cooking rice in a microwave oven (as is true also for pasta) is more or less the same as that needed to cook this foodstuff over a burner on a regular stove. The advantage of preparing a risotto dish in a microwave oven lies in the fact that you do not have to stir the rice constantly (two or three times is enough). The ingredients are placed in a container suitable for microwave ovens and covered with clear-sheet (for about 300 gr. of rice, you need 750 gr. of broth with the oven programmed at top

sheet (for about 300 gr. of rice, you need 750 gr. of broth with the oven programmed at top power for about 12 to 15 minutes). In addition, the rice will not stick to the bottom of its container and, since it can be cooked in a tureen or some other such receptacle to be brought to the table, you will not have to transfer that rice to a serving plate.

ou will not have to transfer that rice to a serving plate

BROWNING

The foodstuffs most difficult to brown while being cooked in a microwave oven are usually cutlets, scaloppine, and chicken breasts. To obtain such a browning effect, however, you are advised to grease the outer portion with butter (preferably combined with paprika). You will find on the market sauces especially researched to give colour to foodstuffs cooked in a microwave oven. In each and every case, you must allow the meats or fish to be browned to absorb some fatty and colouring substances.

FRUIT AND BAKED GOODS

Baked goods rise (at lower oven power) much more than then do with regular baking. Since no crust is formed, it is better to garnish the surface portions with cream or icing (e.g., chocolate); in addition, you must keep the item being baked fully covered, because such foodstuffs tend to dry out more quickly than those baked in a regular oven. Fruit is to be pierced if cooked with its peel on and is to be kept covered: it is essential that you adhere to the standing time (3 to 5 minutes).

Cooking times for baked goods and fruit

The times indicated on the chart (timer knob) vary in relation to your oven's output power. The output power figure is written on the rating plate placed on the rear side of the appliance. (see page 23).

Type/quantity	Power Selector	900W output power Timer (minutes)	700W output power Timer (minutes)	Standing time (minutes)	Observations and advice
Nut cake (700 gr)	<u>"</u>	13 - 17	18 - 23	5	May be used in combination with any cream whatsoever
Viennese torte (850 gr)	"	17 - 21	22 - 27	5	To be filled with jam or jelly.
Pineapple cake (800 gr)	"	15 - 19	20 - 25	5	The pineapple slices can be laid on the bottom of the pin plate or cut into pieces and mixed into the dough.
Apple cake (1000 gr)	"	17 - 21	22 - 27	5	The apples are spread on top as a decorative effect.
Coffee cake (750 gr)	"	13 - 17	18 - 23	5	Excellent when filled with cream.
Zabaione	-∭-	1,30 - 3	4 - 6	3	Mix with a whisk every 30 seconds
Cooked pears (300 gr)	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	3 - 5	6 - 8	3	The pears are to be cut into quarters.
Cooked apples (300 gr)	"	4 - 6	7 - 10	3	The apples are to be cut into pieces.
Egg custard (750 gr)	"	14 - 16	18 - 20	5	These indications are suitable for performing the cooking tests according to Regulation 60705, Para. 12.3.1.
Sponge cake (475 gr)	"	6 - 7	8 - 9	5	These indications are suitable for performing the cooking tests according to Regulation 60705, Para. 12.3.2. Further information, including on other performance tests according to Regulation 60705, is given in the table on page 2.

CLEANI N G MAINTENANC

Disconnect the plug from its electrical outlet before beginning any cleaning or maintenance operations.

Cleaning

deposits as time goes by.

To keep your microwave oven in the best condition, you are advised to clean regularly the door as well as the interior and exterior with a damp cloth and neutral soap or liquid detergent. Always keep the microwave outlet cover (F) free of fat or splashed grease. Never use abrasive detergents, scouring pads or tools with metal rivets when you clean the oven's exterior and interior. In addition, be careful not to let water or liquid detergent seep into the air and steam outlet slots located atop the oven. Do not use ammoniabased detergents. We likewise recommend that you do not use alcohol, steel wool or abrasive detergents to clean the inside and outside door surfaces in order to avoid scraches. To ensure of perfect closing, always keep the inner portion of the oven door clean, being careful not to let any dirt or food residue get caught between the door and the front of the oven.

Give a regular cleaning to the air intake holes found on the back of the oven so that they will not become blocked up with dust or dirt

Every now and then, it will be necessary to remove the turntable (D) and its support device (E) and clean them, just as you must for the floor of the oven itself. Wash the turntable and its support device in

warm soapy water obtained by using neutral soap (these pieces may likewise be cleaned in a dishwasher). Never place the turntable in cold water after a prolonged heating session; the extreme thermal shock could irreparably damage the turntable. The turntable motor is sealed tight. When you are cleaning the floor of the oven, however, be careful not to let water seep under the turntable spindle (B).



If you should discover a flaw or defect, contact a Service Centre authorised by the manufacturer. In any case, before calling our technicians, you should carry out the following simple checks:

	problem		cause/remedy
•	The oven is not working.	•	The door is not properly closed. The plug has not been placed properly in the electrical outlet. The outlet is not providing electricity (check the building's fuse box). The timer has not been set correctly.
•	Condensation on the cooking level and inside the oven	•	When foods containing water are cooked, it is completely normal for the steam formed inside the oven to issue forth and to condense inside the oven itself or on the cooking level.
•	Sparks inside the oven	•	When cooking with a microwave oven, do not make use of metal containers or bags or packages having metal clips.
•	The food is not heating sufficiently.	•	Select the correct power level or increase the cooking time. The food was not completely defrosted before being placed in the oven.
•	The food is getting burned	•	Select a lower power level or shorten the cooking time.
•	The food is not cooking in a uniform manner	•	Stir the food while it is cooking: Bear in mind that food cooks better if cut into pieces of equal size. The turntable is stuck.

In case oven-light is burned, you may continue to use the oven anyway. To replace the light, contact authorised Assistance.

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